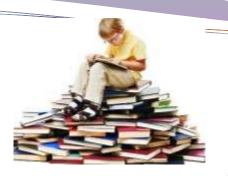
Использование интерактивных средств обучения для организации самооценки обучающихся на уроках иностранного языка

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- В современной модели образования ученик рассматривается как активный участник образовательного процесса, способный самостоятельно получать знания, а так же анализировать и оценивать результаты своей деятельности.
- В этой связи одной из приоритетных задач учителя становится развитие у обучающихся умения осуществлять самоконтроль и самооценку учебной деятельности.

Что такое самоконтроль и самооценка?

- Самоконтроль это умение обучающего сопоставлять результат своего труда с эталоном.
- Самооценка субъективная <u>оценка</u> обучающегося самого себя: своих способностей, возможностей, качеств и особенностей своей собственной деятельности.

Самоконтроль тесно связан с **взаимоконтролем**, суть которого состоит в том, что ученик не только видит ошибки другого человека и объективно оценивает его работу, но и осознаёт, что и его действия контролируются другим учеником.

Самоконтроль и самооценка тесно связаны между собой, самооценка может рассматриваться как конечный компонент процесса самоконтроля.

В чем смысл и необходимость самоконтроля и самооценки?

Умение обучающимися осуществлять самоконтроль и самооценку способствуют:

- осознанному восприятию учебного материала и пониманию границ своих знаний;
- повышению уровня ответственности за учебную деятельность;
- развитию умения предвидеть результаты своей деятельности и умения прогнозировать последствия;
- проявлению способности к оценке собственных изменений на основе чувства долга, навыков самопознания;
- развитию мышления и уверенности в способности освоения социального опыта для самореализации и самоутверждения.

Таким образом, в ходе самоконтроля и самооценки обучающиеся совершают умственные и практические действия по оценке, корректированию и совершенствованию выполняемой ими работы, овладевают соответствующими умениями и навыками.

С практической точки зрения наличие самоконтроля и самооценки на уроке:

- формирует навыки обучающихся по работе с учебным материалом и извлечению необходимой информации;
- формирует практический опыт учащихся по работе с контрольно измерительными материалами для ГИА;
- повышает плотность опроса и накопляемость оценок;
- помогает учителю варьировать методику и технологию проведения урока в соответствии с задачами контроля, сложности изучаемого материала, психологических и возрастных особенностей учащихся.

Как организовать работу по самоконтролю и самооценке обучающихся на уроках?

- Ответ на этот вопрос не может быть кратким и однозначным. Здесь все зависит от особенности предмета, темы и цели урока, уровня подготовки класса, возраста обучающихся, опыта самого учителя и используемых возможностей при подготовке и проведении урока.
- Однако один фактор будет неоспорим: **результат возможен при наличии системы в работ**е, т.е. работа по самоконтролю и самооценке обучающихся должна вестись **регулярно, из урока в урок**.
- Дети к этой работе должны привыкнуть, а самое главное им должно быть **интересно**, **просто и понятно** то, что они делают.

Что может помочь учителю с решением такой задачи?

- Очень **простым** и **доступным** инструментом по созданию различных шаблонов для самоконтроля и самооценки могут быть современные **интерактивные средства**, среди которых является **интерактивная доска** *Smart Board*.
- С ее помощью можно быстро и легко создать любое задание и шаблон по его проверке для фронтальной, самостоятельной, парной и групповой работы, с включением аудио, видео и иллюстративного сопровождения, а так же листов для самооценки.
- Преимущество заключается в том, что созданные шаблоны можно использовать в интерактивном формате или конвертировать в нужный формат и при необходимости распечатать.

Примеры:

Cross out wrong words

NATURE

beautiful

white and sparkles
bright and flourishes
colourful and falls down
green and blossoms

warm coats and hats

jackets and caps
shorts and T-shirts.

rain coats and take umbrellas

CLOTHES

WEATHER

hot and sunny
snowy and frosty
warm and cloudy
cool and rainy

have autumn summer winter sping holidays

gather mushrooms,

walk in the forest and rake leaves

ski, skate and play snowballs

<u>ride a bike, walk and plant flowers</u> <u>swim, sunbathe and play outdoors</u>

ACTIVITIES

NATURE

beautiful

white and sparkles

bright and flourishes

colourful and falls down

reen and blossoms

WEATHER

hot and sunny

snowy and frosty

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walk in the ferest and rake leaves

ski, skate and play snowballs

ride a bike, walk and plant flowers
swim, sunbaths and play outdoors

ACTIVITIES

CLOTHES

KEY: 14-13 - «5», 12 - 10 - «4», 9 -7 - «3»

Winter

Write words

Winter

NATURE

Nature is _____.

Everything is _____

and

People wear

____ and ____

CLOTHES

WEATHER

The weather is usually

____ and ____

Children have

____ holidays.

They _____, ____

and .

ACTIVITIES



beautiful white sparkles **WEATHER**

<u>snowy</u> <u>frosty</u>

warm coats hats

CLOTHES

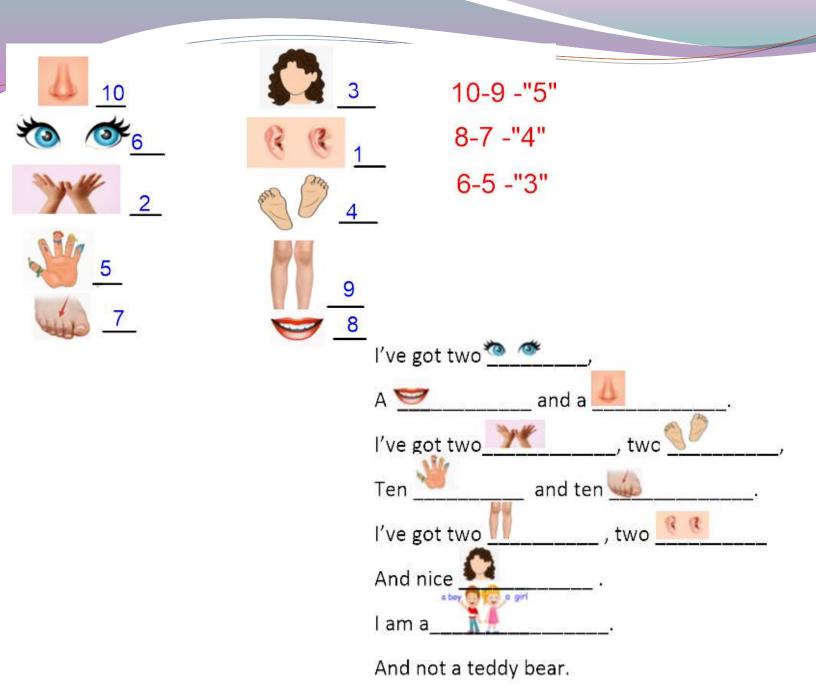
have

winter holidays
ski, skate,
play snowballs

ACTIONS

KEY: 12-11 - «5», 10 - 9 - «4», 8 -7 - «3»

Winter



mouth eyes nose feet toes hands legs ears fingers hair boy girl

Strike wrong words out of the list

to have an exciting trip

amazing place

unique place to see exotic animals

to **buy** souvenirs

to take part in Olympiads

to go on trips

to wash dishes

gorgeous scenery

to travel around...

to do the shopping to go to school

ravelling

to have a great time

to go to the café

to get to ...

to take photos

by train by plane

to eat tasty dishes

to take rides by car by bus

to have much work to go on excursions

to walk around the city

tourist attractions

to get marks

to take part in interesting events

KEY: 23-21-"5" 20-13-"4" 12-8-"3"



Match English sentences with Russian equivalents. Define the Tense.

Tense

Sentences

Past Simple

I have already travelled around my country.

Мы ездили в Анапу.

Present Perfect

I had an exciting trip with my family.

Я уже путешествовал по своей стране.

Past Progressive

We went to Anapa.

У нас с семьей была восхитительная поездка.

Tense

Past Simple \

Sentences

I have already travelled around my country.

Present Perfect I had an exciting trip with my family.

Past Progressive

We went to Anapa.

У нас с семьей была восхитительная поездка.

Мы ездили в Анапу.

Я уже путешествовал

по своей стране.

KEY: 12-10 -"5" 9-7 - "4" 6-5-"3" (with Tenses)

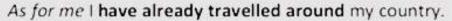
Russia			!
There are a lot of	and		places to visit.
Many people like			Russia.
As for me have already	I with my famil	m	y country.
We	to	2.	¥
We there by During the trip we	v		
During the trip we	differen	nt	
We exotic animals,	, beautiful buildi	ings and parks.	
We,	the	and	in
interesting events.			
Sometimes we	and		the shopping.
Sometimes we wonderful	al		*
In the evenings we usually	to th	e café and	tasty dishes.
While we	we		a lot of photos.
In conclusion I'd like to say that v	ve nd friendly peo	in	me much.
I suggest everybody to	thi		
is one of a kind Last summer uni	ique Two years	ago going on	trips around plane
bus travelled around train	took rides ca	r town a	amazing walked arou
went got visited tourist attract		7.000 A. O.	
			had an exciting trip
went on excursions did bough			Gorgeous
took were travelling impress	ed visit	place ₁	had a great time

Key:

Russia is one of a kind!

There are a lot of amazing and unique places to visit.

Many people like going on trips around Russia.



Two years ago (Last summer) I had an exciting trip with my family.

We went to _____.

We got there by car. (by train, by plane, by bus)

During the trip we visited different tourist attractions.

We saw exotic animals, beautiful buildings and parks.

We went on excursions, walked around the city (town) and took part in interesting events.

Sometimes we took rides and did the shopping.

We bought wonderful souvenirs.

In the evenings we usually went to the café and ate tasty dishes.

While we were travelling we took a lot of photos.

In conclusion I'd like to say that we had a great time in

Gorgeous scenery and friendly people impressed me much.

I suggest everybody to visit this place.









Listening

- 1 a variety of subjects
- 2 good knowledge
- 3 school uniform
- 4 friendly atmosphere
- 5 a variety of rules
- 6 sporting facilities
- 7 facilities for research and study
- 8 after-school activities
- 9 classroom equipment
- 10 kind and helpful teachers

Summerhill School Promotional film.mp4









KEY:

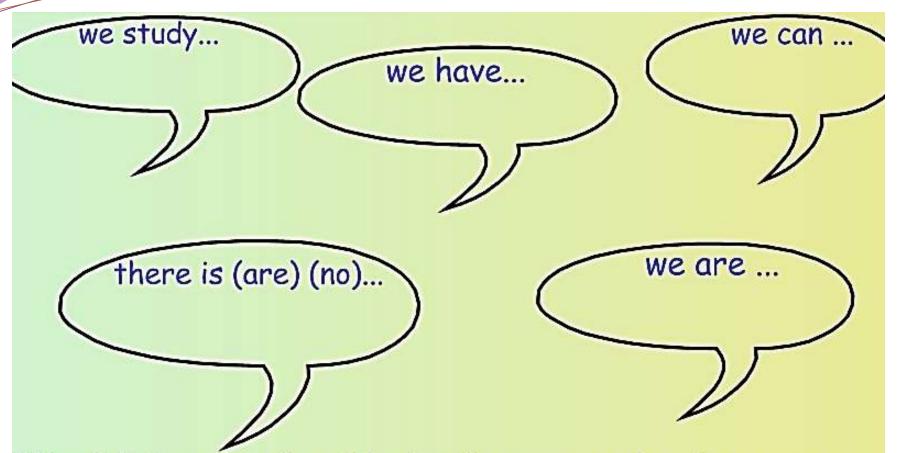
1	a variety of subjects	V
2	good knowledge	V
3	school uniform	V
4	friendly atmosphere	V
5	a variety of rules	
6	sporting facilities	V
7	facilities for research and study	٧
8	after-school activities	V
9	classroom equipment	V
10	kind and helpful teachers	V

10-9 answers - **«5**»

8 -7 answers - «4»

6 -5 answers - «3»





We think our school is (not) progressive because:

different (sporting) facilities

friendly atmosphere

a vareity of subjects a vareity of activities

<u>Helping</u> is ν We usuallv	ery_ helppare	nowa ents,	idays.	
But we	help nee	dy people ar	nd children,	and nature.
As for me	, I have a	already help	oed elderly	and needy
I have m	ade	, collec	ted and a charity fai	nd <mark>bought</mark> r.
F	or me _ 's interes		a waste of tin	

Key:

Helping is very important **nowadays**. We usually helpparents, relatives and friends.

But we can help needy people and children, animals and nature.

As for me, I have already helped elderly people and needy children.

I have made greetings cards, collected toys and bought sweets, organised a concert and a charity fair.

For me helping needy people is not a waste of time. It's interesting and important.

The Mortons



13 - Lesson 4. Ex. 1.1) p. 44. Jack's story

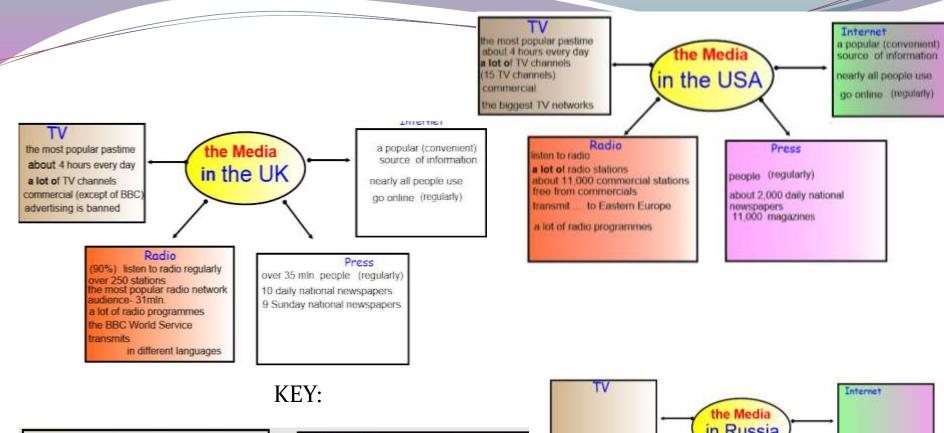
What do they do at the weekends? Key

Parents: father gets up early, walks and feeds the dog; mother makes breakfast

Jack gets up late, watches TV, plays computer games, goes to his friend's house, cleans the house, goes to football practice.

Jessica watches TV read, goes out to play, cleans the house, goes to dance club

The whole family has lunch and dinner at home, goes to the funfair, goes on rides and eats tasty cakes



Watching TV is the most popular pastime the British watch TV about 4 hours every day There are a lot of TV channels All channels are commercial (except of BBC) Alcohol and smoking advertising is banned

Radio

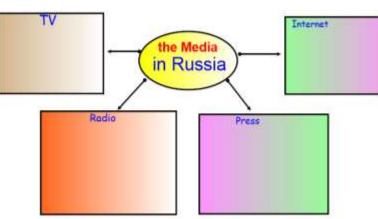
(90%) Radio
Many British people listen to radio regularly
There are over 250 stations
The BBC is the most popular radio network It has the audience of 31mln. people There are a lot of radio programmes The BBC World Service transmits programmes in different languages

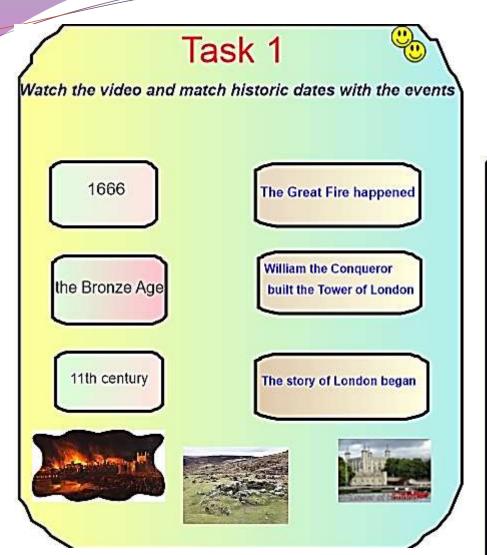
Internet

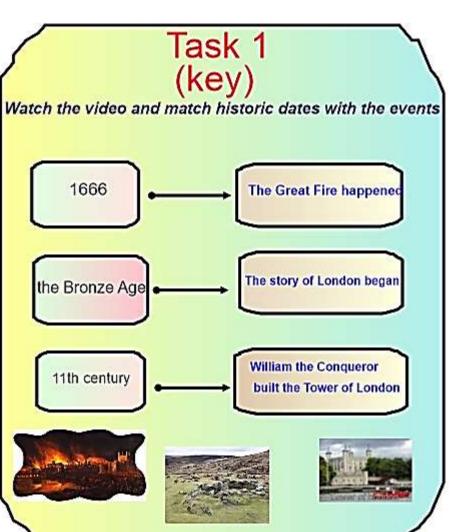
Internet is a popular and convenient source of information Nearly all people use the Internet Teens and adults go online regularly

The British read Press

Over 35 mln. people read Press regularly There are 10 daily national newspapers and 9 Sunday national newspapers People read different magazines









Modal Verbs in English

Can	Ability, doubt, astonishment, permission, Polite request
May	Permission, if not prohibition, supposition with doubt
Must	Obligation, firm necessity, logical conclusion, probability
Shall	intention, supposition
Will	Wish, desire, will, confidence, in the future

Ought to	Moral duty, insistent advice, strict recommendation
Need	(un)necessity
Beto	Obligation arising out of arrangement or agreement
Have to	Unwillingness, forced circumtances
Would	Wish (with «to like»), polite request, a habit of the past
Should	Necessity, advice, blame, recommendation, reproach, regret
Used to	Repeated action in the past

What do they express?



Modal Verbs in English

Can	Ability, doubt, astonishment, permission, Polite request
May	Permission, if not prohibition, supposition with doubt
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Used to	Repeated action in the past





Task 2 (key)



The timeline of London history

Romans	Saxons	Vikings	Normans	Tudors	Stuarts	Victorians
				0	7	
43	450	793	1066	1485	1603	1837











Task 4



Write a brief history of London

London was founded by over It was called	_years ago.
gave London the status of	of the
The first royal palace was built by It was	
In century London suffered from the	Death.
In the time London became the centre government. It had power.	of and
important events changed the history of Lo	ndon:
the Plague in and the Great	in

Task 4 (key)



Write a brief history of London

London was founded by Romans over 2,000 years ago. It was called Londinium.

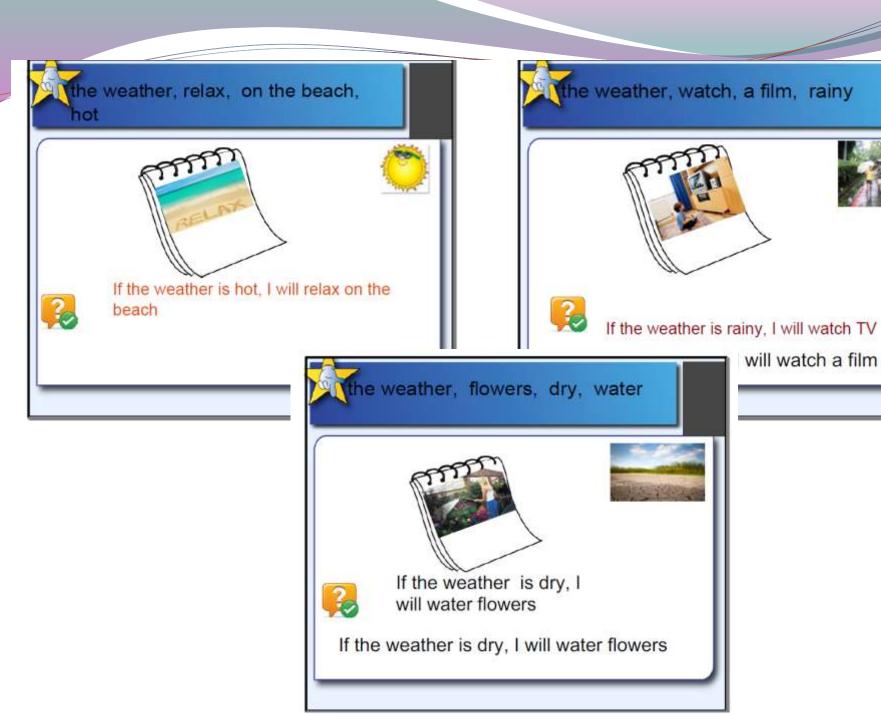
Edward the Confessor gave London the status of the capital of the country.

The first royal palace was built by William the Conqueror. It was the Tower of London.

In 14 th century London suffered from the Black Death.

In the <u>Tudor</u> time London became the centre of <u>trade</u> and government. It had <u>international</u> power.

Two important events changed the history of London: the Great Plague in 1665 and the Great Fire in 1666.





The aim of the lesson we have to

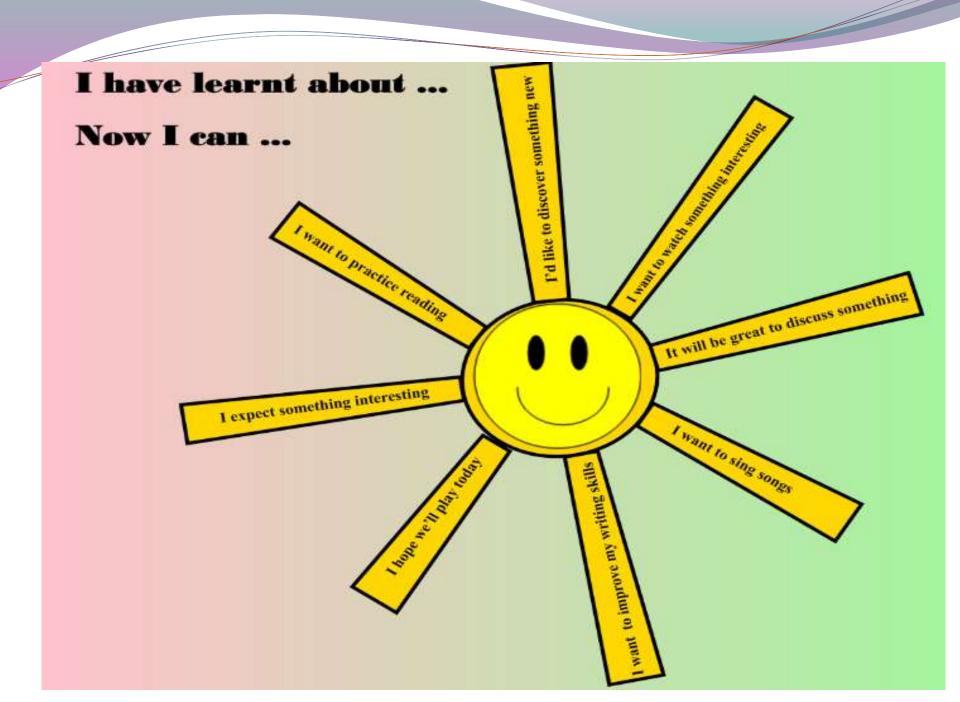


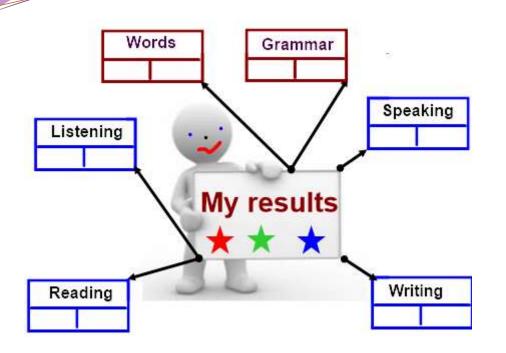
What is a progressive school like?

The aim of the lesson is to



answer the question
write about...
discuss...
tell about...
learn new grammar
to make up the dialogue about







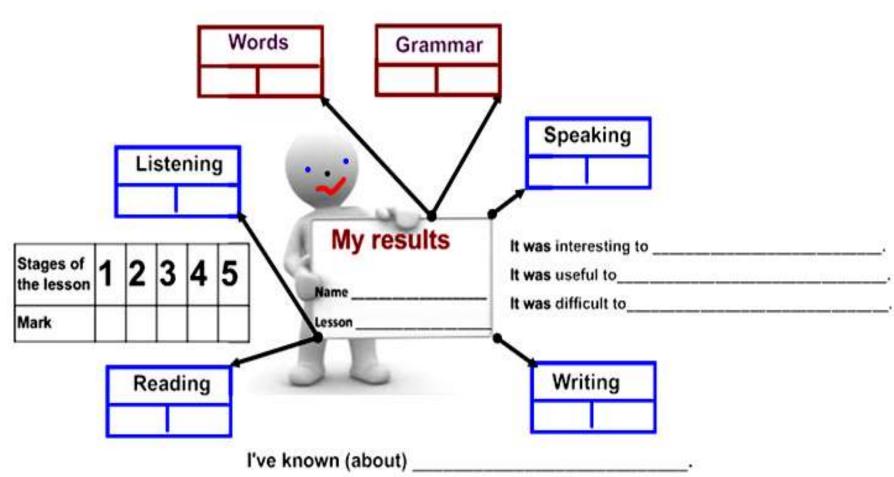






I've learnt numerals!

Assessment Sheet



I've learnt_



My work/results was/were better/worse than my partner's work/results.

The material was (not) ____! (interesting, easy, important) We have learnt (about)



ASSESSMENT SHEET

Stages	1	2	3	4	5
Stages of the lesson	Points of th report	Riddles Poems Sayings	Words	Story (preparation)	Story (presentation)
Marks					

Выводы:

Создаваемые шаблоны заданий и листов самооценки с помощью инструментов Smart Board делают возможной организацию работы по разным видам речевой деятельности, на разных этапах урока и в разных классах.